

PHASE- II ON-LINE EXAMINATION - RECRUITMENT OF OFFICER GRADE 'A'
ASSISTANT MANAGER (GENERAL, LEGAL, INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, RESEARCH, OFFICIAL LANGUAGE, ENGINEERING (ELECTRICAL) AND ENGINEERING (CIVIL) STREAM

Please note in case you have applied and qualified for two Streams, you will be appearing for Paper 2 of both Streams in the same session. (However while issuing your call letter, only one registration number (latest) has been mentioned and only one Roll no. has been generated for administrative purpose.) Name of both the posts will be printed on the Call letter.

After completion of exam, candidates must move-out from the examination hall/lab in an orderly manner without making nuisance/discussion. In case any such report is received against any candidate, his/her candidature stands to get cancelled.

INFORMATION HANDOUT

This handout contains details pertaining to various aspects of the online exam you are going to undertake and important instructions about related matters. You are advised to study the handout carefully as it will help you in preparing for the examination.

The on-line examination will comprise the following objective and descriptive type tests as stated below :

Structure of the test – Phase II

Paper 1: Common for All streams:

Paper	Number of Questions	Maximum Marks	Duration	Cut off	Weightage
English (Descriptive Test) to test the drafting skills Essay – 30 Marks, Precis – 30 Marks & Comprehension – 40 Marks	3	100	60 Minutes	30%	1/3 rd

Paper 2: General Stream:

Paper	Number of Questions	Maximum Marks	Duration	Cut off	Weightage
Multiple choice questions (Objective Type) on subjects : Commerce, Accountancy, Management, Finance, Costing, Companies Act and Economics.	100	100	90 Minutes	40%	2/3 rd

Paper 2: Legal Stream:

Paper	Number of Questions	Maximum Marks	Duration	Cut off	Weightage
Stream Specific Questions (MCQ/ Objective type questions)	70	70	60 Minutes	40%	2/3 rd
3 Descriptive Questions of 10 marks each on Specialized subject related to stream	3	30*	60 Minutes		

Paper 2: Information Technology Stream:

Paper	Number of Questions	Maximum Marks	Duration	Cut off	Weightage
Stream Specific Questions (MCQ/ Objective type questions) Mix of logic flow completion, debugging, syntax understanding, program dry run outputs, data analysis, etc.	100	100	180 Minutes	40%	2/3 rd

Paper 2: Research Stream:

Paper	Number of Questions	Maximum Marks	Duration	Cut off	Weightage
Economics, financial markets and statistics. (Descriptive exam to test practical in depth knowledge and drafting skills)	5 (Section A Financial Markets {2 questions to be attempted out of 4 – Each question will carry 25 marks} Section B Economics {2 questions to be attempted out of 4 – Each question will carry 12.5 marks} Section C Statistics {1 question to be attempted out of 3 – Each question will carry 25 marks})	100	120 minutes	40%	2/3 rd

Paper 2: Official Language Stream:

Paper	Number of Questions	Maximum Marks	Duration	Cut off	Weightage
Stream specific Questions (Descriptive Questions)** ** एक साधारण पैरा (150 शब्दों का) - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी अनुवाद (20 marks), एक साधारण पैरा (150 शब्दों का) - हिन्दी से अंग्रेजी अनुवाद (20 marks) एक तकनीकी या विधिक (legal or technical) पैरा - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी अनुवाद (20 marks) एक तकनीकी या विधिक (legal or technical) पैरा - हिन्दी से अंग्रेजी अनुवाद (20 marks) कार्यालय में प्रयोग होने वाली टिप्पणियाँ (notings) - (5 टिप्पणियाँ) - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी अनुवाद (5 marks) कार्यालय में प्रयोग होने वाली टिप्पणियाँ (notings) - (5 टिप्पणियाँ) हिन्दी से अंग्रेजी अनुवाद (5 marks) छोटे-छोटे वाक्य (sentences) - अंग्रेजी से हिन्दी अनुवाद (5 marks) छोटे-छोटे वाक्य (sentences) - हिन्दी से अंग्रेजी अनुवाद (5 marks)	8	100	90 minutes	40%	2/3 rd

Paper 2: Engineering Stream (Electrical & Civil):

Paper	Number of Questions	Maximum Marks	Duration	Cut off	Weightage
Stream Specific Questions (MCQ/ Objective type questions)	50	100	40 minutes	40%	2/3 rd

The maximum duration for the examination is 240 minutes i.e. Paper 1 – 60 Minutes and Paper 2 – 180 Minutes (depending on stream opted), however, you may have to be at the venue for approximately 300 minutes including the time required for attendance marking, submission of Call letter with photocopy of the photo ID proof, logging in, etc. **Further, if a candidate has applied for two Streams, he/she will have to be at the center for more than 300 minutes.**

Paper 1 English (Descriptive Test) to test the drafting skills: The paper on English shall be framed in a manner to assess the writing skills including expression and understanding of the topic. The Paper shall include Questions on essay writing, précis writing and comprehension etc. Candidates will have to type answers with the help of the key-board of the computer. **English (Descriptive Test) will be provided only in English. Descriptive questions will be displayed on the screen of your computer. Answers are to be typed using the keyboard. Before start of typing answers to questions in Descriptive Paper, please check all key functions of the keyboard. You will get 60 minutes to answer the questions.**

Paper 2: General, Engineering (Electrical, Civil), and Legal (Objective Type): All the questions will have multiple choices. You can attempt any question at any point of time within the allotted time of 90 minutes, 40 minutes and 60 minutes respectively. Out of the five answers to a question only one will be the correct answer. **You have to select the most appropriate answer and ‘mouse click’ that alternative which you feel is appropriate/correct. The alternative/option that you have clicked on will be treated as your answer to that question. There will be penalty for wrong answers marked by you. For every wrong answer marked by you, 1/4th of the marks assigned to that question will be deducted as penalty.**

Paper 2: Legal, Research, and Official Language (Descriptive Type): Questions will be shown on screen and candidates will have to type answers using a keyboard. Candidates can answer questions in English/Hindi as required for the question. For Hindi typing, the candidates should have knowledge of the following key-board layout:

- i. Inscript
- ii. Remington (GAIL)

There shall be a cut-off of minimum 30% for Paper 1 and a cut-off of minimum 40% for Paper 2 in Phase II.

Candidates would need to secure separate cut-off in each paper as well as aggregate cut-off marks of 50% in Phase II exam (weightage of 1/3rd for Paper 1 and 2/3rd for Paper 2) to be shortlisted for Phase III.

Subject to the criteria mentioned above, candidates equaling 3 times the number of vacancies shall be shortlisted, in order of merit, for Phase III i.e. the Interview. List of candidates shortlisted for Interview will be made available on SEBI website.

Please note that the types of questions in this handout are only illustrative and not exhaustive. In the actual examination you will find questions of a higher difficulty level on some or all of these types and also questions on the types not mentioned here.

Some sample questions are given below.

SAMPLE QUESTIONS

Paper-I – English - Descriptive Paper

Q.1. Write an essay on any **ONE** of the following topics in about 400 words.

1. Three effective measures to eradicate illiteracy in India. Explain how the measures suggested by you will be effective.
2. It is often said that computerization results in unemployment. Do you agree? Explain.
3. High Rise Buildings: Infrastructural and Environmental Issues.

Q.2. Write a précis of the following passage in about 120 words, and give it a title.

Christian Reed, a project manager, has worked at the Tata Steel plant—Britain's biggest—for 11 years. His father worked in the local steel industry for 40 years, and his grandfather was a foundry worker. "It's very difficult to contemplate losing the plant," he says. "It would be like losing a member of the family."

The fate of his job and those of about 4,300 other Port Talbot steelworkers, as well as Britain's loss-making steel industry in general, have become the most poignant part of the political row that has erupted in Britain since Tata Steel, Britain's biggest producer, said in late March that it planned to sell or close its operations in the country. Opposition politicians have demanded that the government engineer a rescue, either by erecting high tariff walls against cheap steel imports, as America has done, or by going for some sort of nationalisation, as Italy has attempted with the ill-starred Ilva plant in the heel of the country. On April 5th a potential rescuer, Sanjeev Gupta of Liberty House, a commodity-trading company, said he was interested in buying the Port Talbot business, though he wants plenty of government sweeteners before doing so. He has called Britain's steel industry "probably the worst in the world."

There are few parts of the rich world where steel remains a good business, however. Port Talbot's woes are indicative of a global problem—especially in places where makers of unspecialised steel face competition from cheaper producers.

In the eyes of many, including the Welsh steelworkers, the main bogeyman is China, where steel output has ballooned. The country has produced more steel in two years than Britain since 1900, according to the International Steel Statistics Bureau, and is indeed awash with excess capacity. But this is part of a phenomenon that extends across the developing world. The OECD, a club mostly of rich countries, reckons that in the four years to 2017 steelmaking capacity will have grown by 50% in the Middle East, 20% in Africa and 10% in Latin America.

Meanwhile, the China-led slowdown in developing economies and low oil prices, which have hit the use of steel in rigs and pipelines, mean that demand is severely lagging supply. Even in India, which is supposed to be the bright spot of the global steel market, demand growth is unlikely to recover to levels in the years before 2010 when it embarked on a debt-fuelled infrastructure construction binge.

Q.3. English Comprehension based on a passage.

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follows.

In this age, when the popular involvement in day-to-day matters is mounting, it is the electronic systems that offer us a potential service infrastructure which could, with careful programming, probably take care of a very large element of what we describe as mechanical, procedural governance without all the distortions, corruptions and harassments which constitute the daily misery of the average citizen. Of course, the electronic systems will only behave to the extent that they are properly programmed. But this is no impossible task today.

Once we move our minds beyond the mere use of the electronic revolution for business efficiency and higher profitabilities and apply it to the task of reducing the routine, repetitive activities of governance, we will conserve time and energy for more important and creative tasks. In other words, the electronic revolution can make for better and more effective handling of real everyday problems, additionally to providing the basic service of computerized information banks. Even in less developed conditions, the potential of the electronic network to take over a great deal of what is called bureaucratic "paper work" has been vividly demonstrated. Licensing system involving endless form filling in endless copies; tax matters which baffle millions of citizens, particularly those who have nothing to hide; election system which require massive supervisory mobilizations or referendums based on miniscule "samples" which seldom reflect the reality at the social base. At all these points, the electronic advantage is seen and recognized. However, we must proceed further.

It is possible to foresee a situation where the citizen, with his personalized computer entry card, his "number", is able to enter the electronic network for a variety of needs now serviced by regiments of officials, high and low. Indeed, this is already happening in a number of countries. From simple needs, we will move to more complex servicing, and, ultimately, into creativity or what is called "artificial intelligence".

- Q. (i)** What does the term "bureaucratic paper work" refer to?
- Q. (ii)** How has electronic revolution helped organisations in day-to-day activities ?
- Q. (iii)** What is "artificial intelligence"?

PAPER II

Please note that questions in Paper II will be based on the syllabus specified in the advertisement.

GENERAL

- Q.1.** What does Q ratio measures ?
- (1) Overall earnings on average total assets.
 - (2) Proportion of profit available per equity share.
 - (3) Earning on fixed assets and long term liabilities
 - (4) Market value of equity as well as debt in comparison to all assets at their replacement cost.
 - (5) Relationship between market value and book value per equity share.
- Q.2.** Under NPS Scheme, A non-government sector subscriber shall remain within the system until attaining the age of _____ years unless an option of exit is exercised in the manner specified by PFRDA
- (1) Ninety
 - (2) Eighty-Five
 - (3) Eighty
 - (4) Seventy-Five
 - (5) Seventy

LEGAL

- Q.1.** Under the Companies Act, 2013, the Central Government may, by notification, constitute a _____ to provide for matters relating to accounting and auditing standards under this Act.
- (1) Company Law Board
 - (2) National Financial Reporting Authority
 - (3) Financial Intelligence Unit
 - (4) Serious Fraud Investigation office
 - (5) NITI Aayog
- Q.2.** Under the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023, which of the following DOES NOT fall within the class of criminal courts as contemplated under the act ?
- (1) Courts of sessions
 - (2) Judicial Magistrate of second class
 - (3) Executive magistrate
 - (4) Small cause court
 - (5) Judicial Magistrate of first class

SAMPLE DESCRIPTIVE QUESTIONS FOR LEGAL

- Q.1.** How are the assets distributed in case of liquidation of corporate debtor under insolvency and bankruptcy code ?

Information Technology

- Q.1.** Compile-time polymorphism in C++ is mainly achieved using _____ and _____.
- (1) Inheritance ; pointers
 - (2) virtual functions ; inheritance
 - (3) function overloading ; operator overloading
 - (4) dynamic binding ; base class reference
 - (5) Constructors ; destructors
- Q.2.** Which of the following regex will match a string that starts and ends with the same digit?
- (1) $^(\d).*\1\$$
 - (2) $^(\d)\d*\1\$$
 - (3) $(\d).*?\1$
 - (4) $^(\d)+\d\$$
 - (5) $^(\d)\1\$$

RESEARCH

- Q.1.** This year budget has raised the possibility of cut in repo rate by Reserve Bank of India. The budget this year is fiscally tighter than market expectations. The tight fiscal increases the possibility of policy rate cuts by the RBI. However, it said by some economists that budget is not inflammatory and it will give some room for RBI to ease later this year, thus it is possible that fiscal deficit may be lowered without imparting a negative impulse on growth.
- (i) What are the objectives of budget?
 - (ii) Why RBI adopts techniques of cut in CRR & Repo rate?
 - (iii) Rupee Devaluation or Depreciation - How it affects exports/imports?

OFFICIAL LANGUAGE

प्र.1 अंग्रेजी में दिए गए परिच्छेद का हिन्दी अनुवाद कीजिए । अपना उत्तर केवल देवनागरी लिपि में लिखें।

Clean water is one of the most essential resources for life on Earth. It is necessary for drinking, cooking, agriculture, sanitation, and maintaining overall health. Without access to clean water, people are exposed to dangerous diseases such as cholera, dysentery, and typhoid, which can be life-threatening, especially for children. Clean water helps maintain proper hygiene, reduces the spread of infections, and improves the quality of life in communities. It also plays a vital role in food production, as crops and livestock depend on safe water for growth and survival. In addition, clean water supports ecosystems by sustaining plants, animals, and aquatic life. Unfortunately, water pollution caused by industrial waste, plastic, and untreated sewage is reducing the availability of safe water worldwide. Therefore, conserving water, preventing pollution, and using water responsibly are crucial responsibilities of every individual. Protecting clean water today ensures a healthier population, a stronger environment, and a sustainable future for coming generations.

प्र. 2. हिन्दी में दिए गए परिच्छेद का अंग्रेजी अनुवाद कीजिए । अपना उत्तर केवल अंग्रेजी में लिखें। (रोमन लिपि)

भारत की विदेश नीति शांति, गुटनिरपेक्षता और पारस्परिक सहयोग के सिद्धांतों पर आधारित है। स्वतंत्रता के बाद से भारत ने एक स्वतंत्र विदेश नीति अपनाई है, जो राष्ट्रीय हितों की रक्षा करते हुए सभी देशों के साथ मैत्रीपूर्ण संबंधों को बढ़ावा देती है। भारत शांतिपूर्ण सहअस्तित्व, संप्रभुता के सम्मान और अन्य देशों के आंतरिक मामलों में हस्तक्षेप न करने में विश्वास करता है। गुटनिरपेक्षता की नीति भारत को रणनीतिक स्वायत्तता बनाए रखने और सैन्य गठबंधनों से दूर रहने में सहायता करती है। हाल के वर्षों में भारत की विदेश नीति पड़ोसी देशों, प्रमुख वैश्विक शक्तियों और अंतरराष्ट्रीय संगठनों के साथ संबंध मजबूत करने पर केंद्रित रही है। यह आर्थिक कूटनीति, वैश्विक सुरक्षा, जलवायु परिवर्तन और क्षेत्रीय स्थिरता पर भी जोर देती है। संयुक्त राष्ट्र, जी 20 और अन्य वैश्विक मंचों में सक्रिय भागीदारी के माध्यम से भारत वैश्विक शांति, विकास और सहयोग को बढ़ावा देने का प्रयास करता है।

ENGINEERING (ELECTRICAL)

- Q.1. Full efficiency and power factor of a 12 kW, 440V, 3 phase induction motor are 85% and 0.8 lag respectively. The blocked rotor line current is 45A at 220V. Calculate the ratio of starting to full load current, if the motor is provided with a star-delta starter. Neglect magnetizing current.
(1) 11.13A (2) 3.561A (3) 2.256A (4) 22.52A (5) 5.363A
- Q.2. The operation of connecting an alternator in parallel with another alternator or with common bus-bars is known as _____.
(1) Synchronizing (2) Self-starting (3) Regulating (4) Braking (5) Compensating


ENGINEERING (CIVIL)


- Q.1. The fixed end moment of uniform beam of span l and fixed at the ends, subjected to a central point load P is _____.
(1) $Pl/2$ (2) $Pl/5$ (3) $Pl/12$ (4) $Pl/16$ (5) $Pl/8$
- Q.2. The dilution factor P for an unseeded mixture of waste and water is 0.030. The DO of the mixture is initially 9.0 mg/L, and after five days, it has dropped to 3.0 mg/L. The reaction rate constant k has been found to be 0.22 day⁻¹. What is the five-day BOD of the waste ?
(1) 210 mg/L (2) 120 mg/L (3) 200 mg/L (4) 300 mg/L (5) 220 mg/L


(A) Details of the On-line Examination Pattern:


- (1) The examination would be conducted on-line i.e. on a computer.
(2) All tests except of English (Descriptive section) will be in English and Hindi.


- (3) All the questions will have multiple choices. Out of the five answers to a question only one will be the correct answer. **The candidate has to select the most appropriate answer and ‘mouse click’ that option which he/ she feels is appropriate/ correct. The option that is clicked on will be treated as the answer to that question. Answer to any question will be considered for final evaluation, only when candidates have submitted the answers by clicking on “Save & Next” or “Mark for Review & Next”.**
- (4) The clock has been set at the server and the countdown timer at the top right corner of your screen will display the time remaining for you to complete the exam. When the clock runs out the exam ends by default - you are not required to end or submit your exam.
- (5) The question palette at the right of screen shows one of the following statuses of each of the questions numbered:

 **1** You have not visited the question yet.

 **2** You have not answered the question.

 **3** You have answered the question.

 **4** You have NOT answered the question, but have marked the question for review.

 **5** The question(s) "Answered and Marked for Review" will be considered for evaluation.

The Marked for Review status simply acts as a reminder that you have set to look at the question again. *If an answer is selected for a question that is Marked for Review, the answer will be considered in the final evaluation.*

- (6) To select a question to answer, you can do one of the following :
- Click on the question number on the question palette at the right of your screen to go to that numbered question directly. Note that using this option **does NOT save your answer** to the current question.
 - Click on **‘Save & Next’** to save answer to current question and to go to the next question in sequence.
 - Click on **‘Mark for Review and Next’** to save answer to current question, mark it for review, and to go to the next question in sequence.
- (7) To select your answer, click on one of the option buttons.
- (8) To change your answer, click another desired option button.
- (9) To save your answer, you **MUST** click on **Save & Next**.
- (10) To deselect a chosen answer, click on the chosen option again or click on the **Clear Response** button.
- (11) To mark a question for review click on **Mark for Review & Next**. *If an answer is selected for a question that is Marked for Review, the answer will be considered in the final evaluation.*
- (12) To change an answer to a question, first select the question and then click on the new answer option followed by a click on the **Save & Next** button.
- (13) Questions that are saved or marked for review after answering will ONLY be considered for evaluation.**
- (14) Sections will be displayed on the top bar of the screen. Questions in a section can be viewed by clicking on the section name. The section you will view will be highlighted.
- (15) After clicking the **Save & Next** button on the last question for a section, you will automatically be taken to the first question of the next section.
- (16) You can move the mouse cursor over the section names to view the status of the questions for that section.
- (17) You can attempt any question at any point of time within the allotted time for that Paper/Section.
- (18) The candidates are requested to follow the instructions of the “Test Administrator” carefully. If any candidate does not follow the instructions / rules, it would be treated as a case of misconduct/ adoption of unfair means and such a candidate would be liable for debarment from appearing for examinations for a period as decided by SEBI.
- (19) The candidates may ask the Test Administrator about their doubts or questions only before the commencement of the test. No query shall be entertained after the commencement of the examination.
- (20) After the expiry time of exam, the candidates will not be able to attempt any question or check their answers. The answers of the candidate would be saved automatically by the computer system even if he/ she has not clicked the “Submit” button.

(21) Please note :

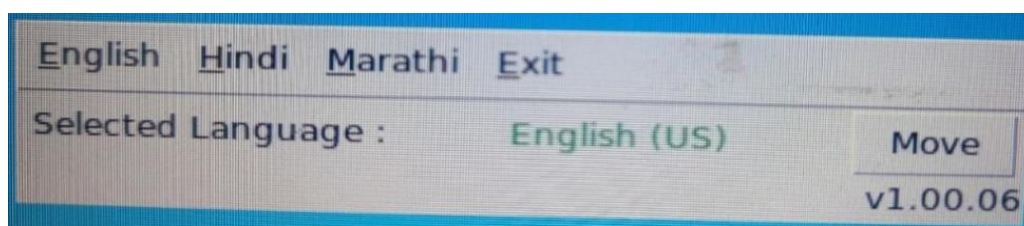
- (a) Candidates will not be allowed to “finally submit” unless they have exhausted the actual test time.
- (b) Under no circumstances should a candidate click on any of the ‘keyboard keys’ once the exam starts as this will lock the exam.

(22) Please note for English Descriptive type paper:

- a) Questions will be displayed on computer monitor.
- b) Only one question will be displayed at a time.
- c) “While typing if you press the ‘Space bar’ and then press the ‘Enter’ key, the cursor will not move to next line. However if you press the ‘Enter’ key immediately after the last word, the cursor will move to the next line. You should also note in case the ‘Space bar’/ ‘Enter’ key is pressed multiple times in a single instance only a single keystroke (i.e. one space and one enter to the next line) will be taken by the system.”

IMPORTANT :

Although the panel as shown below appears in Paper 1, Objective paper of Paper 2 (or elsewhere where not applicable) as well, it is to be used in the Descriptive section (Paper 2) only (for Legal, Research, and Official Language Stream).



Kindly read the following instructions very carefully

- This panel will be visible with Language Selection option which is to be used during the descriptive paper (Paper 2). **PLEASE DO NOT CLICK ON “EXIT”** at any point during the examination.
- Use the panel provided to select Hindi Language for answering Hindi Descriptive Question and English Language for answering English Descriptive Question.
- **Do not click on the “Exit”** button on the panel at any point during the examination.
- Keyboard layout will be available only in English. Candidates should have the knowledge of Inscript or Remington (GAIL) mapping on the keyboard to answer the questions of Descriptive paper (Paper 2) in Hindi.

B] General Instructions:

- (1) Please note date, Reporting time and venue address of the examination given in the call letter.
- (2) You may visit the venue one day before the Online Examination to confirm the location so that you are able to report **on time** (as printed on the call letter) on the day of the examination. Late comers will not be allowed.
- (3) The call letter should be brought with you to the examination venue along with your recent passport size photograph duly pasted on it. (Preferably the same photograph as was as uploaded).
- (4) You must scrupulously follow the instructions of the Test Administrator and SEBI Representative at the examination venue. If you violate the instructions you will be disqualified and will be asked to leave the examination venue.
- (5) No Use of calculators (Separate or with a watch) books, note books or written material, cell phones (with or without camera facility) or any other device will be allowed in the exam lab. For Paper 2 use of simple calculator is permitted of General and scientific calculator (Non-programmable) is permitted for Research, Engineering (Electrical) & Engineering (Civil) streams only. Candidates are advised not to bring any of the banned items including mobile phones/pagers to the venue of examination as safety arrangement cannot be assured. Any candidate found resorting to any unfair means or malpractice or any misconduct while appearing for the examination including giving/receiving help to/from any candidate during the examination will be disqualified. The candidate should be vigilant to ensure that no other candidate is able to copy from his/her answers.
- (6) Please bring the call letter with your photograph affixed thereon, currently valid Photo identity proof in original and a photocopy of the same ID proof which you bring in original - **THIS IS ESSENTIAL. This call-letter along with photocopy of photo identity proof duly stapled together are to be submitted to the invigilator at the end of**

exam. Currently valid photo identity proof may be PAN Card/Passport/ Permanent Driving License/Voter's Card with photograph/Bank Passbook with photograph/Photo Identity proof issued by a Gazetted Officer on official letterhead alongwith photograph/Photo Identity proof issued by a People's Representative on official letterhead along with photograph/Valid recent Identity Card issued by a recognized College/University/Aadhaar Card/E-Aadhaar Card with a photograph/Employee ID in original/Bar Council Identity card with photograph. **Please Note - Ration Card and Learner's Driving License will not be accepted as valid ID proof for this purpose.** Please note that your name as appearing on the call letter (provided by you during the process of registration) should exactly match the name as appearing on the photo identity proof. Female candidates who have changed first/last/middle name post marriage must take special note of this. If there is any mismatch between the name indicated in the Call Letter and Photo Identity Proof you will not be allowed to appear for the exam.

- (7) Biometric data (thumb impression) and photograph will be captured at the examination venue before the start of examination. Decision of the Biometric data verification authority with regard to its status (matched or mismatched) shall be final and binding upon the candidates. **Refusal to participate in the process of biometric data capturing / verification on any occasion may lead to cancellation of candidature.** With regards to the same, please note the following :
- (a) If fingers are coated (stamped ink/mehndi/coloured...etc), ensure to thoroughly wash them so that coating is completely removed before the examination day.
 - (b) If fingers are dirty or dusty, ensure to wash them and dry them before the thumb impression (biometric) is captured.
 - (c) Ensure fingers of both hands are dry. If fingers are moist, wipe each finger to dry them.
 - (d) If the primary finger (thumb) to be captured is injured/damaged, immediately notify the concerned authority in the test centre.
- (Any failure to observe these points will result in non-admittance for the examination).

- (8) Photograph and IRIS will be captured at the examination venue. The photo captured will be matched with the photo uploaded by the candidate in the application. You must NOT change your appearance from the photo uploaded by you.

Decision of the IRIS data verification authority with regard to its status (matched or mismatched) shall be final and binding upon the candidates. Refusal to participate in the process of IRIS scanning / verification on any occasion may lead to cancellation of candidature. With regards to the same, please note the following:

- (a) 'LEFT EYE (IRIS)' will be captured for all the candidates.
- (b) Candidates should remove Contact Lenses and Spectacles while capturing IRIS. Candidates are advised to avoid wearing contact lenses and prefer spectacles.
- (c) There is no touch involved in IRIS scanning. Half feet distance between scanner and eye will be maintained.

(Any failure to observe these points will result in non-admittance for the examination)

- (9) A candidate who is or has been declared by SEBI guilty of impersonation or of submitting fabricated document/s which have been tampered with or of making statements which are incorrect or false or of suppressing material information or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means of obtaining admission to examination or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or misbehavior in the examination hall may be debarred permanently or for a specified period by SEBI from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by it for selection of the candidates. SEBI may take further action against such candidates as deemed fit by it.
- (10) Your responses (answers) will be analysed with other candidates to detect patterns of similarity of right and wrong answers. If in the analytical procedure adopted in this regard, it is inferred/concluded that the responses have been shared and scores obtained are not genuine/valid, your candidature may be cancelled. Any candidate who is found copying or receiving or giving assistance or engaging in any behaviour unbecoming of a candidate will not be considered for assessment. SEBI may take further action against such candidates as deemed fit by it.
- (11) You should bring with you a ball-point pen. You may bring your own ink stamp pad (blue/black). A sheet of paper will be provided which can be used for rough work or taking down the question number you would like to review at the end of the test before submitting your answers. After the test is over you MUST handover this sheet of paper along with the Call Letter to the invigilator.
- (12) The possibility of occurrence of some problem in the administration of the examination cannot be ruled out completely which may impact test delivery and/or result from being generated. In that event, every effort will be made to rectify such problem, which may include movement of candidates, delay in test. Conduct of a re-exam is at the absolute discretion of test conducting body. Candidates will not have any claim for a re-test. Candidates not willing to move or not willing to participate in the delayed process of test delivery shall be summarily rejected from the process.
- (13) If the examination is held in more than one session for a post/stream, the scores across various sessions will be equated to adjust for slight differences in difficulty level of different test batteries used across sessions. More than

one session are required if the nodes capacity is less or some technical disruption takes place at any centre or for any candidate.

- (14) Anyone found to be disclosing, publishing, reproducing, transmitting, storing or facilitating transmission and storage of test contents in any form or any information therein in whole or part thereof or by any means verbal or written, electronic or mechanical or taking away the papers supplied in the examination hall or found to be in unauthorised possession of test content is likely to be prosecuted.
- (15) Instances for providing incorrect information and/or process violation by a candidate detected at any stage of the selection, process will lead to disqualification of the candidate from the selection process and he/she will not be allowed to appear in any recruitment process of the SEBI in the future. If such instances go undetected during the current selection process but are detected subsequently, such disqualification will take place with retrospective effect.
- (16) (i) The PWBD candidates, who want to use facility of scribe, MUST go through the detailed advertisement which is available in the SEBI website and carefully READ the instructions.
(ii) These candidates are also required to submit a Joint Undertaking/Declaration form (Scribe declaration form) that can be downloaded from SEBI website.
- (17) Candidates are advised to take note of "The Public Examinations (Prevention of Unfair Means) Act, 2024".

WISH YOU GOOD LUCK!